WSIS FORUM 2020 31 July 2020

OVERVIEW OF ITU CAPACITY DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES

Capacity and Digital Skills Development Division ITU/BDT





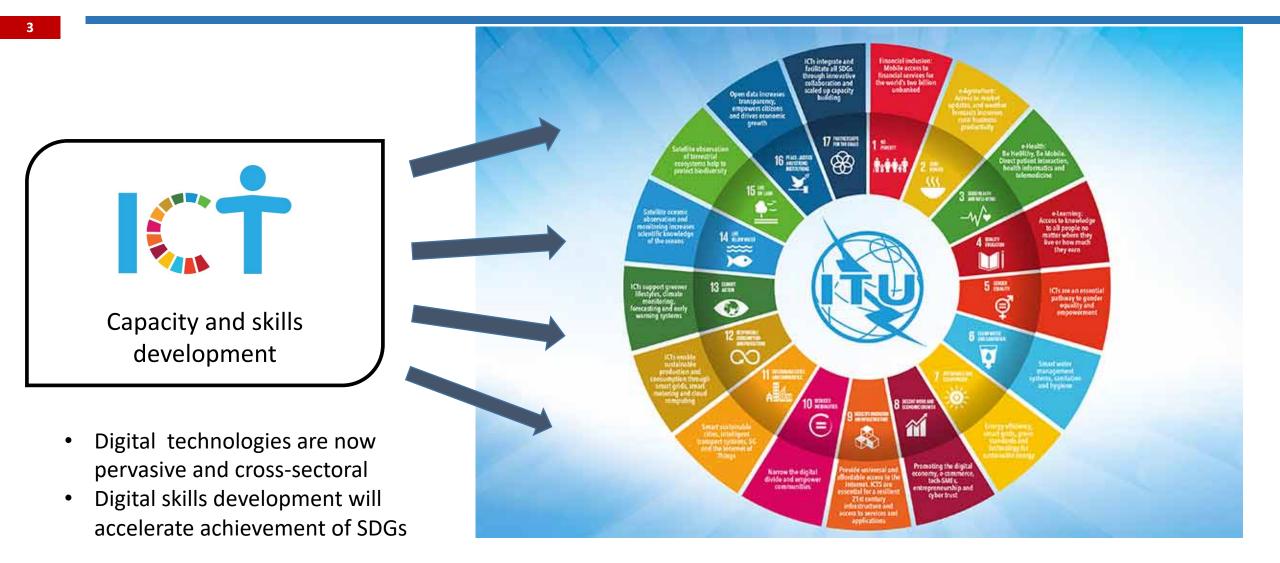
Outline

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- □ The digital context
- Capacity building mandate
- Our capacity development activities.
 - Development of training materials
 - Delivery of training
 - Delivery of training : ITU Academy Platform
 - Delivery of training : Centres of Excellence
 - Delivery of training : Digital Transformation Centres Initiative
 - Knowledge resources and knowledge sharing
- Partnerships and collaboration
- Conclusion

The Context:





The Context: Digital skills challenges



- Digital skills among the most sought-after skills in the labour market today.
- Current skills supply-demand gap. Key areas (cyber security, data science/ analytics, web development, etc.)
- Skills mismatch: New jobs, old skills
- Lack of skills being cited more and more as the main barrier to use of digital technologies, ahead of access and use (up to 60% of respondents in developing and LDC countries.). Though access gap still exists, it is coming down, so are costs.
- Huge unemployment, underemployment in the face of great demand for digital skills
- Numbers requiring digital skills at basic and intermediate levels are higher

UN SG High Level Panel on Digital Cooperation Recommendations For Building an Inclusive Digital Future





spect for human rights and provide meaningful opportunity for all people and nations.

U N SG S HLPanel Launches Report & Recommendations For Building an Inclusive Digital Future



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Protect Human Rights and Human Agency

- The UN Secretary-General should conduct a global review of how human rights norms apply to digital technologies.
 - Social media enterprises should work with others to respond to human rights concerns.
 - Design autonomous intelligent systems so that their decisions can be explained and humans are accountable for their use.

Promote Digital Trust, Security and Stability

 Develop a Global Commitment on Digital Trust and Security to shape a shared vision of digital stability and strengthen implementation of norms for responsible uses of technology.

Recommendations

Develop Human and Institutional Ca<u>pacity</u>

• Establish regional and global "digital help desks" to help governments, civil society and the private sector manage the impacts of digital technologies.

Panel Launches Report & Recommendations For Building an Inclusive Digital Future



Build an Inclusive Digital Economy and Society

- Ensure that every adult has affordable access to digital networks and digitally-enabled financial and health services by 2030.
 - Create alliances for sharing "digital public goods" and data for the SDGs.
 - Adopt policies to support digital inclusion and equality for women and marginalised groups; establish and use metrics for digital inclusiveness.

The speed and scale of change is increasing – and the agility, responsiveness and scope of cooperation and governance mechanisms needs rapidly to improve. We cannot afford to wait any longer to develop better ways to cooperate, collaborate and reach consensus. We urgently need new forms of digital cooperation to ensure that digital technologies are built on a foundation of respect for human rights and provide meaningful opportunity for all people and nations.

Foster Global Digital Cooperation

The UN Secretary-General should facilitate a consultation process to develop updated mechanisms for global digital cooperation, using the options proposed by the Panel as a starting point.
Take a multi-stakeholder "systems" approach to cooperation and regulation that is adaptive, inclusive and fit for purpose for the digital age.

ITU vision and strategic goal 2



ITU vision:

"An information society, empowered by the interconnected world, where telecommunication/ information and communication technologies enable and accelerate social, economic and environmentally sustainable growth and development for everyone."

Goal 1: GrowthGoal 2:
InclusivenessGoal 5:
PartnershipGoal 3:
SustainabilityGoal 4:
Innovation

Strategic goal 2: inclusiveness

"Bridge the digital divide and provide broadband for all."

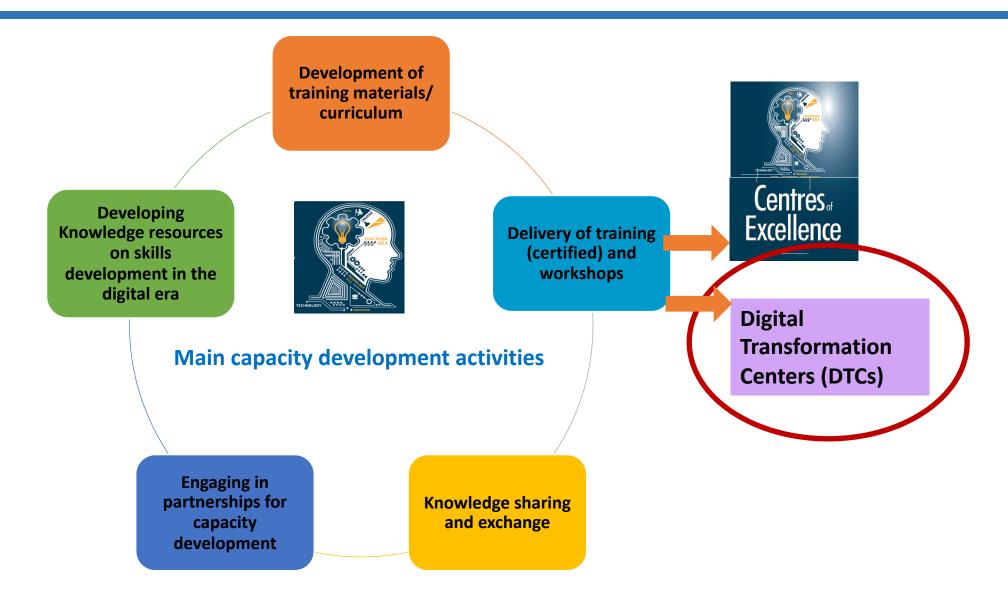
Our Capacity building mandate ITU-D (WTDC 2017)



Objective 4

"Inclusive digital society: Foster the development and use of telecommunications/ICTs and applications to empower people and societies for sustainable development."

ITU capacity and digital skills development activities



Development of training materials



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- Standardized training materials in priority areas as defined by ITU membership
- Training materials of the highest level and quality; materials undergo thorough peer review
- Up to date using the expertise from membership and academia

Training programmes developed/ under development



Complete and available Being updated



Final stages of completion



Complete and available



In progress



Complete and available soon Being updated



ITU Academy: main umbrella for ITU capacity building activities

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Design and development of innovative training programmes and resources in ICTs



Delivery of ICT training activities through multiple channels -Online through the ITU Academy platform -Face-to-face through Centres of Excellence and other partners



Platform for dialogue and knowledge sharing

-Global ICT Capacity Building Symposium (CBS)

-Regional events



Strategic partnerships with key players in the field of ICT training -28 Centres of Excellence around the globe, Digital transformation Centres,

private sector companies and academic institutions.

https://academy.itu.int/index.php?lang=en

Delivery of training : Centres of Excellence (CoE) network



EUROPE REGION Germany • ISS Italy • ICTP **CIS REGION** Lithuania NRD Cyber Security Kyrgyzstan **Republic of North** Institute of Macedonia FEEIT **Electronics and** Poland **Telecommunications** • NIT (IET) Ukraine • ONAT 28 CoEs in six regions (2019-2022 cycle) SIA-PACIFIC REGIO China CAICT SRMC India Saudi Arabia • ALTTC Iran Sudan IoT Academy Malaysia MERICAS REGIO **AFRICA REGION** Tunisia • UTM Argentina • UBP Cameroon CIFODECOM Republic of Korea • SUP'PTIC •NIA Brazil • INATEL Côte d'Ivoire • ESATIC Ecuador • UTPL Kenya AFRALTI Mauritius • INICTEL-UNI • NCB Nigeria • ANTEL • DBI Senegal • ESMT



CoE priority areas for the 2019-2022 cycle

Spectrum management	Smart cities and communities
Bridging the standardization gap	Artificial intelligence
Digital broadcasting	Digital financial services
Conformance and interoperability	Internet governance
Internet of Things	Innovation and entrepreneurship
Cybersecurity	ICTs and the environment
Digital inclusion	Digital transformation
Emergency telecommunication	Digital economy
ICT applications	Big data and statistics
Wireless and fixed broadband	

Recent CoE activities



2019 activities:

90 courses implementedover 2000 people trained

- 2020 activities
 - Total 36 trainings implemented
 - 2715 participants trained

Digital Transformation Centres (DTC) Initiative

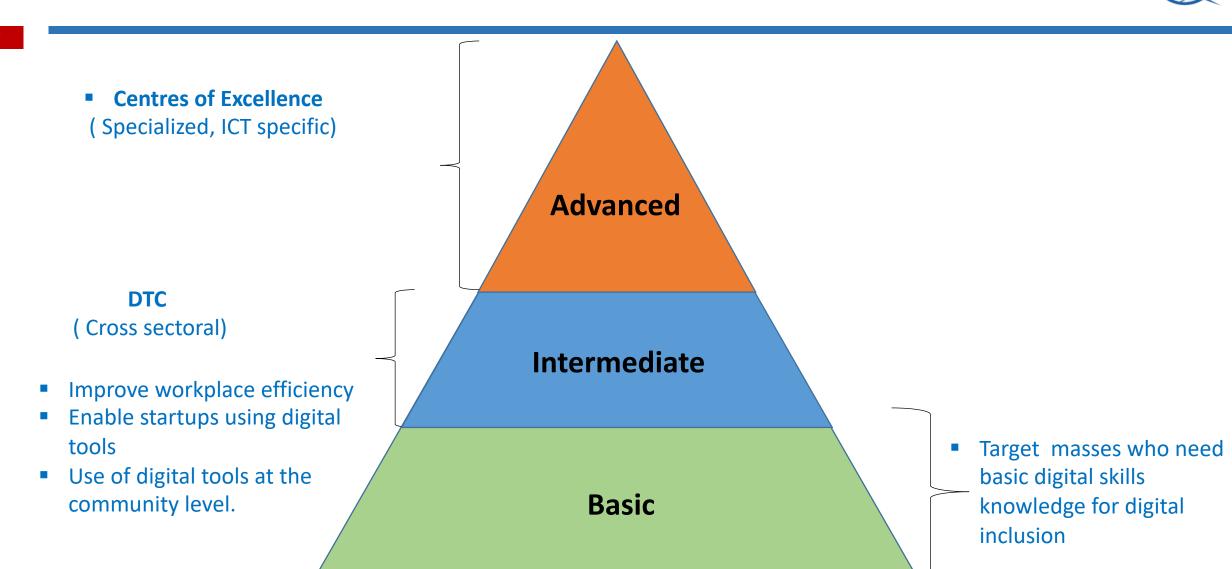
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- To develop digital skills at basic and intermediate levels, particularly in the underserved communities.
- The capacity to scale and to deliver digital skills training to many citizens is at the core of the Initiative.



Digital Transformation Centres

Digital skills: levels and target groups









Digital Transformation Centres Operational Model

ITU & CISCO Establish the DTCs Facilitate partnerships Monitor and evaluate the DTCs

Provide technical and other forms of support

Digital Transformation Centre (DTC)

Deliver training (basic and intermediate) Establish community training center networks Run Train-the-Trainers program Liaise with ITU and CISCO Engage with the DTC partners

Delivery Centers (Community Centers) Deliver basic & intermediate digital skills trainings

Mobilize local resources

PARTNERSHIP DRIVEN

Governments Provide support for DTCs Mobilize communities Engage stakeholders within the national framework

Partners

Provide funding and other forms of support to DTCs

Provide content and technical expertise

Provide training facilities and enabling resources

DTC Partnerships







DTC Activities (Where are we now?)



- Onboarding Workshop (11 to 13 February 2020).
- Preparation of training and implementation plans in most of the DTCs.
- Current implementation of online training in Ghana, Dominican Republic and Zambia.
- Active mobilization of new partners to support the Initiative.



DTCs and Training activities

















Digital Transformation Centres DTC News :

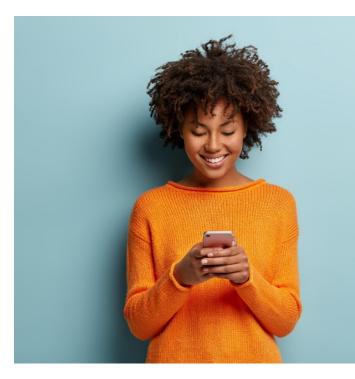


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Bi-monthly newsletter for the DTCs

- The newsletter promotes activities of the DTCs and partners regarding the Initiative
- Issue 1 covered February
 March 2020
- Issue 2 covered April May 2020



 Online publication launched in 2017 and released annually

ITU publication "Digital Skills Insights"

- Puts together scholarly articles in the field of capacity building and skills development in the digital era
- Addresses the ongoing discussion on how digital technologies are transforming job markets, determining new skills set requirements and driving the digital economy requirements for re-skilling
- Target group: experts in the field of digital technologies, including researchers, policymakers and practitioners
- Next edition will be launched in summer 2020
- Avalable at academy.itu.int

Knowledge resources:

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Digital Skills *Insights* 2019







ITU Glossary of capacity development terms

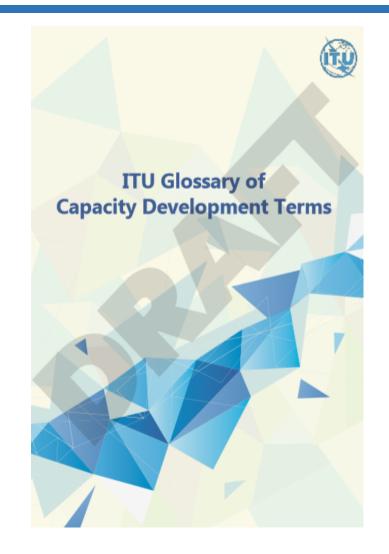
Objectives

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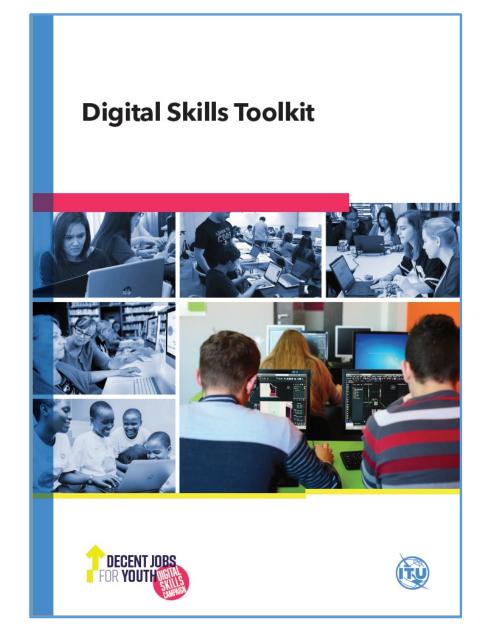
- To facilitate harmonization of use of capacity development terms in ITU
- To provide guidance on categorization of ITU capacity development events

Contents:

- Glossary of terms
- Capacity development activities matrix







ITU Digital Skills Toolkit 2018

- Provides stakeholders with guidance on developing a digital skills strategy
- Intended for policymakers, partners in the private sector, non-governmental organizations and academia
- To facilitate the development of a comprehensive digital skills strategy
- https://www.itu.int/pub/D-PHCB

Digital Skills Assessment Guidebook

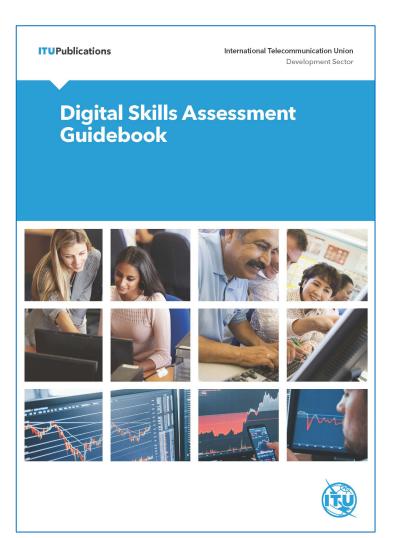


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ITU Digital Skills Assessment Guidebook

Launched on 28 May 2020

- Practical step-by-step tool helping users to identify national skills gaps and requirements
- To assist policymakers and other stakeholders, who may need to undertake skills assessments (supply and demand) at the national level.
- Builds on the Digital Skills Toolkit that was launched by ITU in 2018. Focus on national level skills assessment



Partnerships



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- Underpins all the capacity building work that we do.
- Multi-stakeholder approach, based on value addition and expertise brought to the topic.
- Governments (ITU member states) are key stakeholder.
- Developing capacity of policymakers is a precondition for getting everything else right. Right policy frameworks, right enabling environment, right skills sets, right institutional support.

Our capacity building partners







Conclusion

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- Digital skills can be a barrier to both digital inclusion and effective digital participation.
- Digital skills development programs need to be implemented in a structured and inclusive manner drawing in on key stakeholders at national level such as Governments and the private sector.
- The digital economy will create more jobs than it will take away. However unless people are trained with the right skills (upskilling, reskilling) we will have the unenviable situation of unemployment in the midst of job openings.
- With the rapid pace of change in digital technologies, learning now must be continuous (lifelong)

THANK YOU

http://academy.itu.int

